

Characteristics of Quadratic Relations

Key Concepts:

- vertex
- zeroes
 - where are they?
 - how many? 0, 1, or 2
- axis of symmetry
- direction of opening
- optimal value
 - maximum or minimum?

Apr 10-6:32 PM

Characteristics of Quadratic Relations

(see handout)

The vertex is the highest or lowest point on the parabola, and we refer to its coordinates as (h, k) .

The axis of symmetry is the vertical line passing through the vertex, having the equation $x = h$.

If the parabola opens up, the coefficient of x^2 is positive ($\Delta^2 y > 0$)

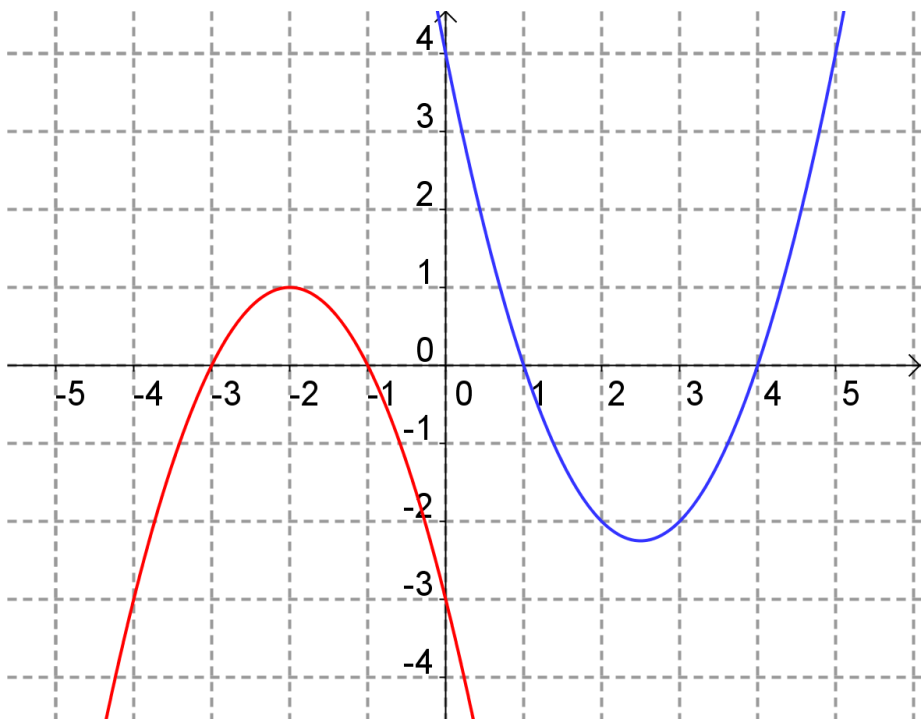
- the vertex is the lowest point
- the minimum (or optimum) value is k

If the parabola opens down, the coefficient of x^2 is negative ($\Delta^2 y < 0$):

- the vertex is the highest point
- the maximum (or optimum) value is k

Apr 15-8:58 PM

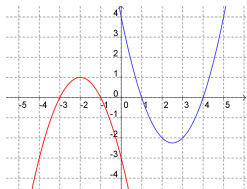
Consider the two graphs shown:



Apr 10-6:41 PM

Ex.1. Consider the two graphs:

Can you deduce values for each of the following?

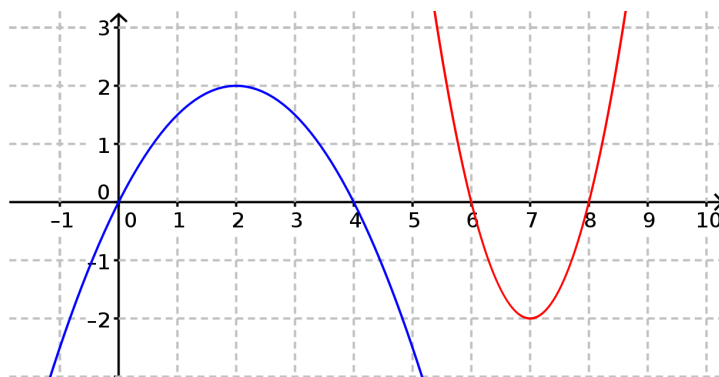


Property	$y = -x^2 - 4x - 3$	$y = x^2 - 5x + 4$
Direction of Opening		
Maximum or Minimum		
Number of Zeroes		
Axis of Symmetry		
max/min value		
Location of Vertex		
Location of Zeroes		
y-intercept		

Apr 10-6:41 PM

If the parabola crosses the x-axis, the x-coordinates of the crossing points are called the zeroes, or roots, or x-intercepts.

A parabola may have two zeros:



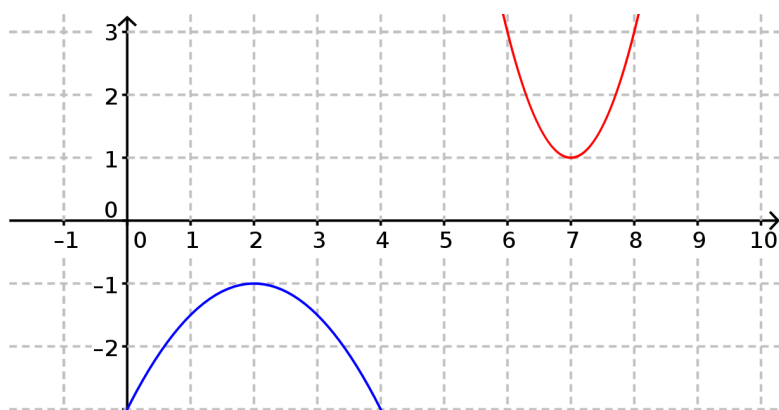
Apr 15-9:06 PM

Or one zero:



Apr 15-9:09 PM

Or no zeroes:



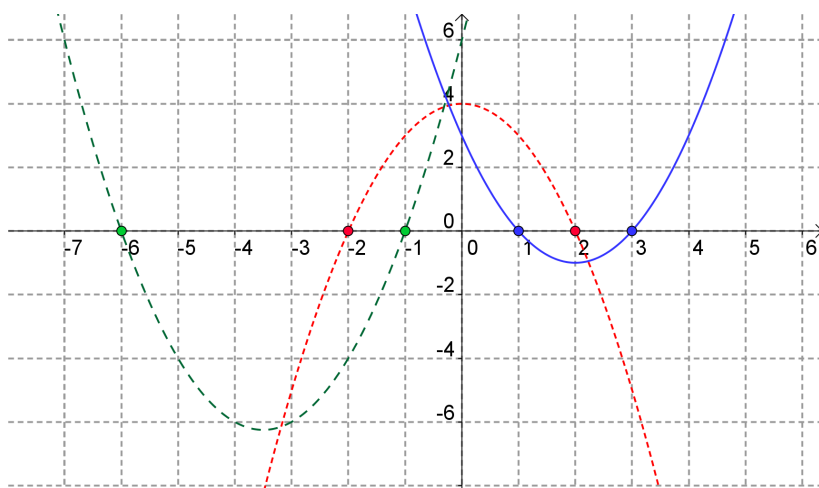
Apr 15-9:12 PM

Ex. From the graphs, determine key features of each.

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 3$$

$$y = -x^2 + 4$$

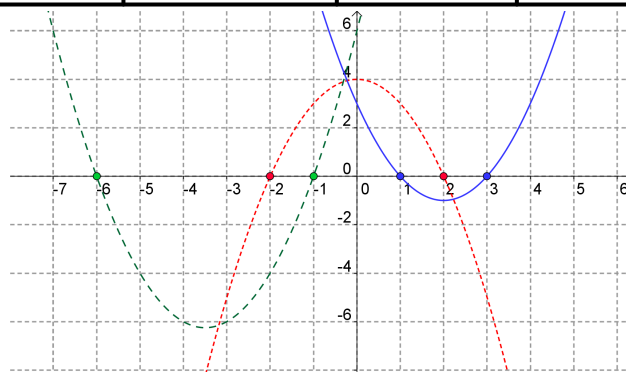
$$y = x^2 + 7x + 6$$



Apr 10-7:19 PM

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 3 \quad y = -x^2 + 4 \quad y = x^2 + 7x + 6$$

vertex			
opening			
max/min?			
max/min value			
y-intercept			
zeroes			
axis of symmetry			



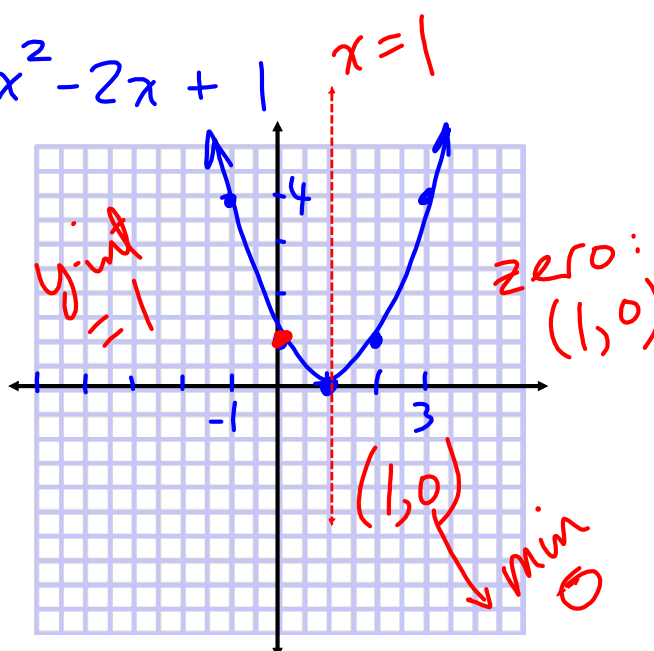
Apr 10-7:35 PM

Assigned Work:

p. 145 # 1-6, 7e, 9ab

$$7(e) \quad y = x^2 - 2x + 1$$

x	y
-1	4
0	1
1	0
2	1
3	4



$a(b)$

$$x_{mp} = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$$

Mar 23-2:01 PM