In general, the function $y=f(x)$ can be transformed as $y=a f[k(x-p)]+q$
These transformations are also commonly written as $y=a f[b(x-c)]+d$.
The actual letters used are not relevant. It is their meaning that has value. We will use the first form, but it is important to be willing and able to adapt to any form

Summary (so far):

$$
y=a f[k(x-p)]+q
$$

- read transformations from left to right
- if the equation is not in this form, rearrange and/or factor until it matches

| Parameter | Value(s) | Effect | Example |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $a$ | $\begin{aligned} & a<0 \\ & \|a\|>1, \text { or } \\ & a<-1 \text { or } a>1 \\ & \|a\|<1, \text { or } \\ & -1<a<1 \end{aligned}$ | vertical reflection vertical stretch vertical compression | $\begin{aligned} & y=-f(x) \\ & y=4 f(x) \\ & y=\frac{1}{2} f(x) \end{aligned}$ | vertical reflection <br> vertical scaling by 4 , or vertical stretch by 4 <br> vertical scaling by $\frac{1}{2}$, or vertical compression by 2 |
| $p$ | $\begin{aligned} & p>0 \\ & p<0 \end{aligned}$ | horizontal shift right by p horizontal shift left by p | $\begin{aligned} & y=f(x-3) \\ & y=f(x+5) \end{aligned}$ | shift right by 3 <br> shift left by 5 |
| $q$ | $\begin{aligned} & q>0 \\ & q<0 \end{aligned}$ | vertical shift up by q vertical shift down by q | $\begin{aligned} & y=f(x)+7 \\ & y=f(x)-1.5 \end{aligned}$ | shift up by 7 <br> shift down by 1.5 |

Now to consider the final transformations, which are the result of the ' $k$ ' parameter. To simplify matters, consider only the $k$-value in $y=f(k x)$

Ex. 1 Given $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$, complete a table of values for $y=f(-x)$ and graph.

| $x$ | $y=\sqrt{x}$ | $y=\sqrt{-x}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -9 | inad |  |
| -4 | inad |  |
| -1 | inad |  |
| 0 | 0 |  |
| 1 | 1 |  |
| 4 | 2 |  |
| 9 | 4 |  |



What is the transformation when $k<0$ ( k is negative)?

Ex. 2 Given $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$, complete a table of values for $y=f(4 x)$ and graph.


What is the transformation when $k>1$ ?


Ex. 3 Given $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$, complete a table of values for $y=f\left(\frac{1}{4} x\right)$ and graph.

| $x$ | $y=\sqrt{x}$ | $y=f\left(\frac{1}{4} x\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 |  |
| 1 | 1 |  |
| 4 | 2 |  |
| 16 | 4 |  |



To summarize, for $y=f(k x)$

| Parameter | Value(s) | Effect | Example |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $k$ | $k<0$ | horizontal reflection | $y=f(-x)$ | horizontal reflection |
|  | $\|k\|>1$, or <br> $k<-1$ or $k>1$ <br> horizontal compression | $y=f(4 x)$ | horizontal scaling by $\frac{1}{4}$, or <br> horizontal compression by 4 |  |
|  | $\|k\|<1$, or | horizontal stretch | $y=f\left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)$ | horizontal scaling by 2, or <br> horizontal stretch by 2 |
| $-1<k<1$ |  |  |  |  |

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## Horizontal Reflection \& Scaling

Recall:


Even if the letters (parameters) change, their meaning remains the same.

Ex. 1 TOV and $\operatorname{Graph} f(-x) \quad \operatorname{giveg}(x)=\sqrt{x}$.

| $x$ | $\sqrt{x}$ | $f(-x)=\sqrt{-x}$ |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $1-9$ | inad | $\sqrt{-(-9)}=\sqrt{9}=3$ |
| -4 | inad | $\sqrt{-(-4)}=\sqrt{4}=2$ |
| -1 | inad | $\sqrt{-(-1)}=\sqrt{1}=1$ |
| 0 | 0 | $\sqrt{0}=0$ |
| $\times\left[\begin{array}{c}1 \\ 4 \\ 4\end{array}\right.$ | $\sqrt{4}=1$ | $\sqrt{-(1)}=\sqrt{-1}$ inad |
| 9 | $\sqrt{9}=3$ | $\sqrt{-(2)}=\sqrt{-2}$ inad |

$$
f(-x)=\sqrt{-x}
$$

Ex. 1 TOV and $\operatorname{Graphf}(-x) \quad$ give甲f $(x)=\sqrt{x}$.


Ex. 2 TOV and Gyaphf $(4 x) \quad$ givenf $(x)=\sqrt{x}$.

| $x$ | $\sqrt{x}$ | $\sqrt{4 x}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| -9 | - | $\sqrt{-36}$ inad |
| -4 | - | $\sqrt{-16}$ inad |
| -1 | - | $\sqrt{-4}$ inad |
| 0 | 0 | $\sqrt{4(0)}=\sqrt{0}=0$ |
| 1 | 1 | $\sqrt{4(1)}=\sqrt{4}=2$ |
| 4 | 2 | $\sqrt{4(4)}=\sqrt{16}=4$ |
| 9 | 3 | $\sqrt{4(9)}=\sqrt{36}=6$ |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=f(4 x) \\
& y=2 \sqrt{x} \\
& \quad \begin{array}{l}
4 x \\
\text { equivalent } \\
\text { forms } \\
\text { v. stroth } \\
\text { by } 2 \\
y \times 2
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

Ex. 2 TOV and Graphf $(4 x) \quad$ givef $(x)=\sqrt{x}$.


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Ex. 3 TOV and Graphf $\left(\frac{1}{4} x\right) \quad$ givepf $(x)=\sqrt{x}$.

| $x$ | $\sqrt{x}$ | $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4} x}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -9 | - |  |
| -4 | - |  |
| -1 | - | $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(0)}=\sqrt{0}=0$ |
| 0 | 0 | $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(1)}=\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}=\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1 | 1 | $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(4)}=\sqrt{1}=1$ |
| 4 | 2 | $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(a)}=\sqrt{\frac{9}{4}}=\frac{3}{2}$ |
| 9 | 3 | $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(16)}=\sqrt{4}=2$ |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=f\left(\frac{1}{4} x\right) \\
& y=\sqrt{\frac{1}{4} x}
\end{aligned}
$$

or

$$
y=\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x}
$$

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v.compress ing 2


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Homework:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { p. } 229 \text { \# 2cde, 8, 11cdf } \\
& \text { p. } 240 \text { \# 1ef, 2cd, 4dfgh, 5cef, 9cd }
\end{aligned}
$$

Note: Functions must be in the form (see 9d)


