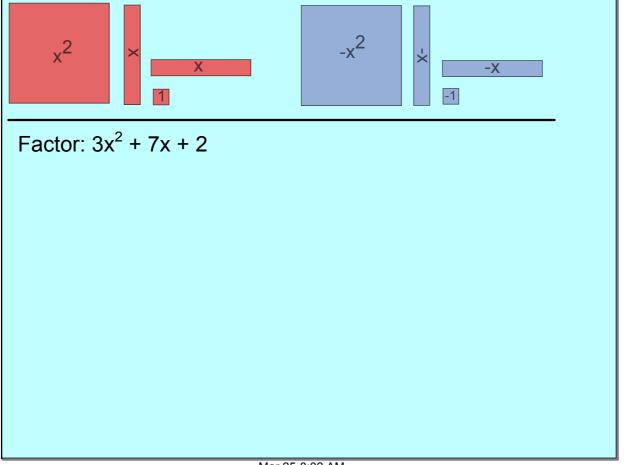
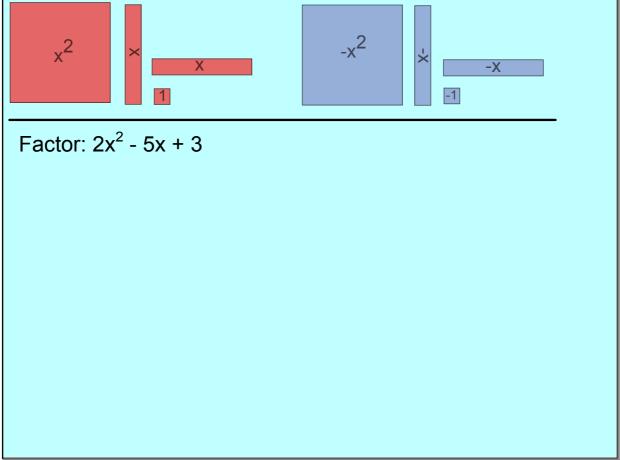


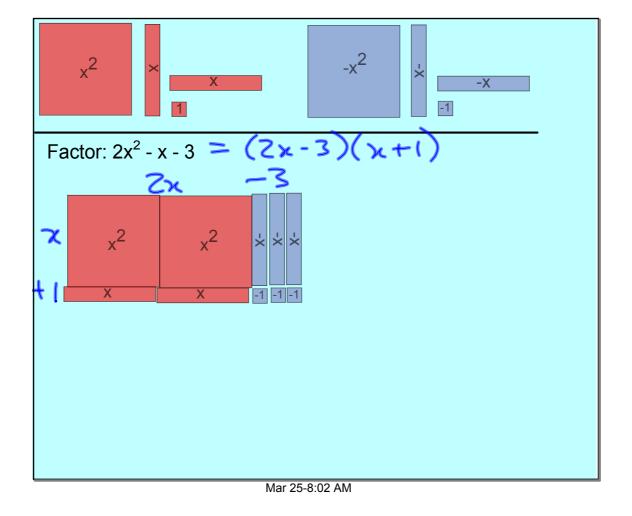
Mar 26-8:24 AM



Mar 25-8:02 AM



Mar 25-8:02 AM



Factoring Complex Trinomials (ax² + bx + c, a ≠ 1)

Expand (x + 4)(2x + 3). What are the x-terms?

$$(x + 4)(2x + 3) = 2x^2 + 3x + 8x + 12$$

= $2x^2 + 11x + 12$

To factor $2x^2 + 11x + 12$, we need to do these steps in reverse order.

How do the numbers 3 and 8 relate to 2, 11, and 12?

$$3+8=11$$
 $3\times8=2\times12=24$ $3\times8=2\times12=24$

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Once you have broken the middle term, you can factor by grouping

$$2x^{2} + 11x + 12 = 2x^{2} + 3x + 8x + 12$$

$$= x(2x+3) + 4(2x+3)$$

$$= xa + 4a$$

$$= a(x+4)$$

$$= (2x+3)(x+4)$$

Ex. Factor $6m^2 + 13m - 5$

Numbers add to: +13 (sum)

Numbers multiply to: <a>-30 (product)

Numbers are:

This technique is called SPI (sum, product, integers)

Apr 3-8:57 PM

Ex. Factor $6m^2 + 13m - 5$

Numbers are: -2 and 15

Now factor by grouping:

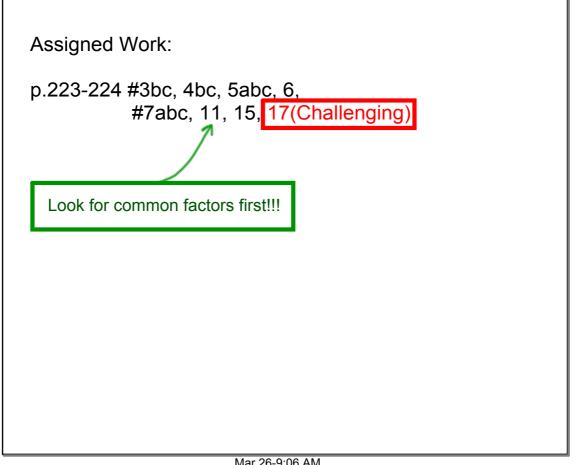
$$6m^{2} + 13m - 5 = 6m^{2} - 2m + 15m - 5$$

$$= 2m(3m-1) + 5(3m-1)$$

$$= (3m-1)(2m+5)$$

Ex. Factor: $10x^2 - 11x - 6$

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$$6(e)$$

$$5d^{2} + 8 - 14d$$

$$= 5d^{2} - 14d + 8$$

$$= 5d^{2} - 14d + 8$$

$$= 5d^{2} - 4d - 10d + 8$$

$$= d(5d - 4) - 2(5d - 4)$$

$$= (5d - 4)(d - 2)$$

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$$7(a)$$

$$15x^{2}+4x-4$$

$$= 15x^{2}-6x+10x-4$$

$$= 3x(5x-2)+2(5x-2)$$

$$= (5x-2)(3x+2)$$

$$= (5x^{2}+10x-6x-4)$$

$$= 5x(3x+2)-2(3x+2)$$

$$= (3x+2)(5x-2)$$

$$= (3x+2)(5x-2)$$

$$|7(a)|$$
 $6(a+b)^{2} + |1(a+b)| + 3$
 $17(a)$
 $17(a)$
 $17(a+b)$
 1

Oct 31-10:57 AM