__ Date: ______ Class/Period: _____ Attempt # _____

ID: A

$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Proficiency Demonstrated:

Perfect

Sufficient

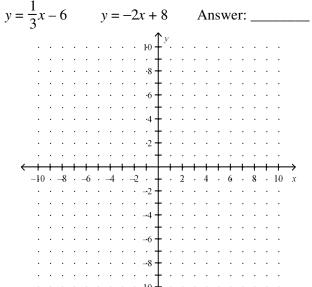
Insufficient (Repeat Evaluation)

MPM2D - Essential Skills Proficiency Assessment #1 - Solving Linear Systems

1. Solve the following system of equations by graphing.

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x - 6$$

$$y = -2x + 8$$



2. Use a **formal check** to verify that the point (-2, 1) is a solution to the system:

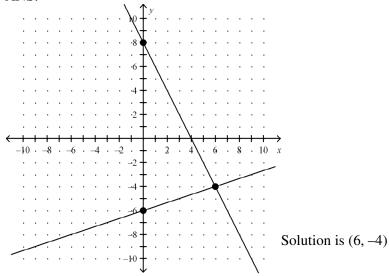
$$-3x - 2y = 4 \qquad 5y = -3 - 4x$$

3. Solve the follolwing linear system of equations by **substitution** or **elimination**.

$$-x + 5y = 3$$
 $-4x + 9y = 1$

MPM2D - Essential Skills Proficiency Assessment # 1 - Solving Linear Systems Answer Section

1. ANS:



PTS: 1

2. ANS:

Solution (-2, 1)

PTS: 1

3. ANS:

(2, 1)

Substitution:

$$-x + 5y = 3 \qquad -x + 5y = 3$$

$$-x = 3 - 5y \qquad 5y = 3 + x$$

substitute -x = 3 - 5y5y = 3 + x into -4x + 9y = 1

$$-4(3-5y) + 9y = 1$$
 $-4(3-5y) + 9y = 1$

$$-12 + 20y + 9y = 1$$
 $-12 + 20y + 9y = 1$

$$20y + 9y = 1 + 12$$
 $20y + 9y = 1 + 12$

$$29y = 13$$
 $29y = 13$ 13

$$y = \frac{13}{29} \qquad y = \frac{13}{29}$$

$$y = 1 y = 1$$

substitute y = 1x = 2 into -x = 3 - 5y5y = 3 + x-x = 3 - 5(1)

$$x = 2$$

 \therefore the solution is (2,1)

PTS: 1