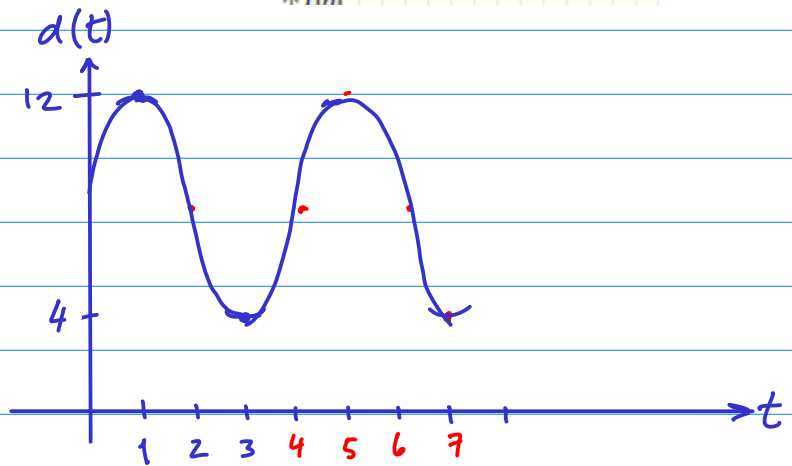


3. Chantelle is swinging back and forth on a trapeze. Her distance from a vertical support beam in terms of time can be modelled by a sinusoidal function. At  $1\text{ s}$ , she is the maximum distance from the beam,  $12\text{ m}$ . At  $3\text{ s}$ , she is the minimum distance from the beam,  $4\text{ m}$ . Determine an equation of a sinusoidal function that describes Chantelle's distance from the vertical beam in relation to time.

Interior and Exterior Temperature  
 $\Delta T(t)$

A graph is not necessary, but it helps.



$1\text{ s} \rightarrow 3\text{ s} = 2\text{ s}$ , is half of a period, so the period =  $4\text{ s}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A of C: } y &= \frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2} \\ y &= \frac{12 + 4}{2} \\ y &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |a| &= \frac{\text{max} - \text{min}}{2} \\ |a| &= \frac{12 - 4}{2} \\ |a| &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} k &= \frac{360^\circ}{\text{period}} \\ &= \frac{360^\circ}{4} \\ &= 90^\circ \end{aligned}$$

for  $p=0$ , unreflected sine  
 $\rightarrow a = +4$

$$d(t) = 4 \sin(90^\circ t) + 8$$

OR

$$d(t) = 4 \cos[90^\circ(t - 1)] + 8$$