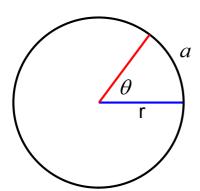


Oct 23-10:15 AM

Unit 4: Trigonometric Functions

Radian Measure

00+23/2014



An angle measurement can be defined as the <u>ratio</u> of the <u>arc length</u> to the <u>radius</u> of a circle:

$$\theta = \frac{a}{r}$$

For a full circle, the arc length is the circumference:

$$C = 2\pi r$$

Therefore, the angle described by a full circle, 360°, is:

$$360^{\circ} = \frac{2\pi r}{r} = 2\pi$$

Ex.1 Convert each of the following angles:
(a)
$$20^{\circ}$$
(b) 225°
(c) $\frac{5\pi}{6}$
(d) 1.75

$$\frac{180^{\circ}}{7} = \frac{7}{180^{\circ}}$$

$$\frac{180^{\circ}}{7} = \frac{7}{180^{\circ}}$$
(e) $\frac{5\pi}{6}$
(f) $\frac{1}{175}$

$$\frac{1}{175}$$

$$\frac{1}{175}$$
(g) $\frac{1}{175}$

$$\frac{1}{175}$$

$$\frac$$

Oct 23-9:59 AM

Assigned Work:

p.320 # 1 - 4, 6 -
$$\frac{10}{15}$$

8 a c

9 b c

7 e

3 74

7 (e) $-\frac{13}{13}$ ° × $\frac{\pi}{13}$ ° = $\frac{-3\pi}{4}$

8 (a) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ × $\frac{180}{\pi}$ = $\frac{120}{9}$

(c) $\frac{\pi}{13}$ × $\frac{180}{\pi}$ = $\frac{45}{9}$

91b)
$$\Gamma = 65m$$
 $\theta = 1.25$

$$\theta = \frac{\alpha}{\Gamma} \qquad \alpha = \Gamma \theta$$

$$= (65m)(1.25)$$

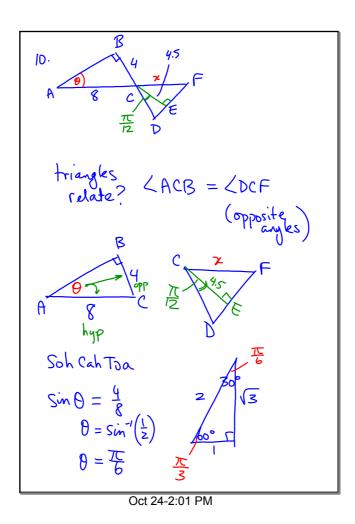
$$= 81.25m$$
(c) $186^{\circ} \times \frac{\pi}{180^{\circ}} = \frac{5\pi}{6}$

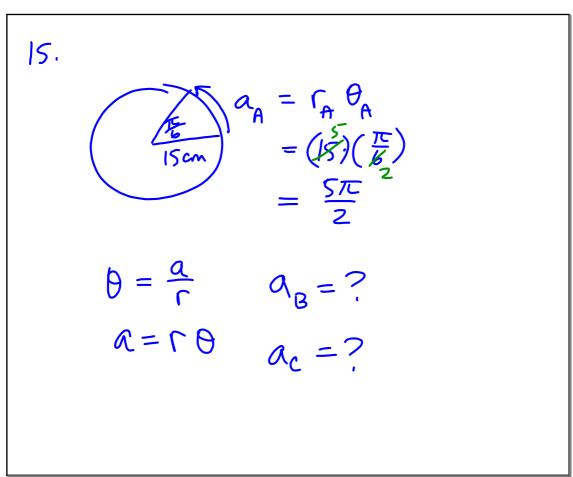
$$\alpha = (65m)(\frac{5\pi}{6})$$

$$= \frac{325\pi}{6}m$$

$$= 170.2 m$$

Oct 24-1:57 PM





Oct 24-2:11 PM